

स()/No. 1/20//2002-VS(CRS)-Raj भारत सरकार

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

गृह मंत्रालय

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

भारत के महारजिस्ट्रार का कार्यालय

OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL, INDIA V.S. Division, West Block-I, R.K. Puram, New Delhi - 110066

V.S. Division, West Block-1, R.A. Furain, Tell Donath of the February 19, 2003

Sub :- Registration of Death of Central police and Para-military forces in Operational Areas.

The Central police and Para-military forces are engaged in several activities across the Sir, country. There are unfortunate loss of lives of the personnel of theses forces often. The relatives of such personnel who lost their lives in the operations face lot of difficulties in getting the death certificate of the concerned person. Obtaining death certificate becomes much more difficult in cases when the dead body of the person brought to their native place of cremation/burial. As the Registration of Births and Deaths Act, 1969 provides for registration of births and deaths at the place of their occurrence only, the relatives of the personnel are forced to run from one office to another for registration of death of such personnel and issue if certificates. Without death certificate, they face difficulties in setting various claims and matters relating to the inheritance of both movable and immovable properties of the deceased. The hardships of the relatives could be somewhat mitigated if the deaths of the defence personnel are registered promptly with the registrar of births and deaths of the place of death and certificates obtained. In this connection, it is requested kindly direct the field units of your organization to ensure reporting of such deaths to the local registrar by the officer in-charge of the concerned unit for registration. A list of the local registrars of births and deaths in various states is also enclosed for kind information.

It may be a very valuable gesture on the part of your organization if the concerned units collect the death certificate from the local registrar of births and deaths and forward it to the family of deceased. It may be mentioned that the first death certificate is to be issued to the informant free of charge as soon as death is registered. As the address of the concerned family and other details are available in the official records, this would be easy and would family to know the place where the death has been registered and to obtain more copies of the death certificates, if required.

Yours Faithfully,

J.K. Banthia Registrar General, India

Encl: As above.

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